## Pituitary Gland

- 1. Which organ controls the pituitary gland? How?
- 2. How might stress alter control of the pituitary gland?
- 3. Name the 9 hormones released from the pituitary gland.
- 4. Give the target for:
  - ACTH
  - TSH
  - FSH
  - LH
  - GH
  - Prolactin
  - Oxytocin
  - ADH
  - MSH
- 5. Give the function for:
  - ACTH
  - TSH
  - FSH
  - LH
  - GH
  - Prolactin
  - Oxytocin
  - ADH
  - MSH
- 6. What does it mean for an organ to be a "target" of a hormone?

## Answers:

## Pituitary Gland

1. Which organ controls the pituitary gland? How?

The hypothalamus controls the pituitary gland via releasing and inhibiting hormones; as well as neuronal signals

2. How might stress alter control of the pituitary gland?

The hypothalamus is part of the limbic system so our emotions affect its function.

- 3. Name the 9 hormones released from the pituitary gland.
  - Adrenocorticotropic hormone (ACTH)
  - thyroid stimulating hormone (TSH)
  - follicle-stimulating hormone (FSH)
  - luteinizing hormone (LH)
  - growth hormone (GH)
  - melanocyte-stimulating hormone (MSH)
  - prolactin (PRL)
  - oxytocin (OT) released from the *posterior* pituitary gland
  - o antidiuretic hormone (ADH) released from the *posterior* pituitary gland
- 4. hormones and targets
  - ACTH: adrenal cortex
  - TSH: thyroid gland
  - FSH: gonads
  - LH: gonads
  - GH: everywhere, especially bones and muscles
  - prolactin: mammary glands
  - oxytocin: mammary glands, uterine smooth muscle, brain
  - ADH: kidneys, specifically the collecting ducts
  - MSH: melanocytes in skin
- 5. functions for
  - ACTH: stim adrenal cortex to release steroid hormones
  - TSH: stim thyroid gland to release thyroxine
  - FSH/LH: stim release of estrogen or testosterone from ovaries and testes
  - GH: growth and repair
  - Prolactin: milk production
  - Oxytocin: milk letdown, labor contractions, orgasm, bonding
  - ADH: water reabsorption
  - MSH: pigment production
- 6. What does it mean for an organ to be a "target" of a hormone?
  - That it has a receptor for that hormone.